



## Course guide

### 340104 - REAU-E5007 - Automatic Regulation

**Last modified:** 17/05/2023

**Unit in charge:** Vilanova i la Geltrú School of Engineering  
**Teaching unit:** 707 - ESAII - Department of Automatic Control.

**Degree:** BACHELOR'S DEGREE IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2009). (Compulsory subject).  
BACHELOR'S DEGREE IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2009). (Optional subject).

**Academic year:** 2023    **ECTS Credits:** 6.0    **Languages:** Catalan, Spanish

#### LECTURER

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**Coordinating lecturer:** FRANCISCO JAVIER RUIZ VEGAS

**Others:** FRANCISCO JAVIER RUIZ VEGAS  
RUBEN LUMBIARRES LÓPEZ  
RAMON GUZMAN SOLA

#### PRIOR SKILLS

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It is very convenient to have taken and passed the Fundamentals of Automatic course.

#### DEGREE COMPETENCES TO WHICH THE SUBJECT CONTRIBUTES

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**Specific:**

1. CE26. Knowledge of automatic regulation principals and its application in industrial automation.

#### TEACHING METHODOLOGY

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Classroom training activities

- Participatory Lectures
- Conducting individual and team exercises
- Perform computer labs in
- Project Implementation Team
- Report writing and oral defense of problems, practices and projects

Educational activities outside the class:

- Perform exercises and theoretical or practical projects outside the classroom, individual and / or group.
- Review of theoretical concepts, study, work and individual and group analysis
- Tutoring and formative evaluation of the learning process

#### LEARNING OBJECTIVES OF THE SUBJECT

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The aim of this course is to provide basic knowledge of linear control systems description in discrete time in order to be able to design some discrete controllers.

## STUDY LOAD

Type	Hours	Percentage
Hours small group	30,0	20.00
Hours large group	30,0	20.00
Self study	90,0	60.00

**Total learning time:** 150 h

## CONTENTS

### Module 1: Introduction to control systems in discrete time

#### Description:

##### Objective

The aim of this first module is to introduce the basic architecture of digital control systems, applicability and benefits of their use.

##### Subsections:

- \* Types of signals
- \* Digital control systems
- \* DAC and ADC converters
- \* Supervisor control vs direct digital control
- \* Advantages of digital control vs analogic control

**Full-or-part-time:** 18h

Theory classes: 6h

Self study : 12h

### Module 2: Mathematical models in discrete time

#### Description:

##### Objective

The aim of this second module is to present the mathematical tools that are used to analyze control systems in discrete time. Will relate these techniques with the techniques used to analyze continuous systems.

##### Content

- \* Z transform definition and properties
- \* Methods of calculating the Z transform and its inverse

**Full-or-part-time:** 18h

Theory classes: 6h

Self study : 12h

### Module 3: Signal sampling and reconstruction

**Description:**

Content:

- \* Ideal sampling or impulse sampling
- \* Sampled signal spectrum. Shannon Theorem. Ideal filter
- \* 0 and 1 order holder
- \* Star transform
- \* Empiric rule

**Full-or-part-time:** 18h

Theory classes: 6h

Self study : 12h

### Module 4: Discrete transform function

**Description:**

Content:

- \* Equivalent discrete transform function
- \* Blocs diagrams. Simplification

**Full-or-part-time:** 24h

Theory classes: 8h

Self study : 16h

### Module 5: Time response and stability

**Description:**

Content:

- \* Relation between  $s$  and  $z$  planes
- \* Routh stability criterion (bilinear transform)
- \* Jury stability criterion
- \* steady state error in discrete systems

**Full-or-part-time:** 18h

Theory classes: 6h

Self study : 12h

### Module 6: Discrete controllers design

**Description:**

Content:

- \* Design of conventional controllers in  $s$  plane
- \* Discretization of continuous controllers
- \* Design of discrete controllers in  $z$  plane

**Full-or-part-time:** 42h

Laboratory classes: 14h

Self study : 28h



## GRADING SYSTEM

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There will be a first test (P) in the middle of the semester and a second test (F) at the end of the semester. The theory grade of the subject is calculated by the formula  $T = \max(0.5 \cdot (P+F), F)$ .

In the laboratory part, two exams are proposed: a mid term exam (LP) and a final exam (LF ). The lab grade will be:  $L = 0.5 \cdot LP + 0.5 \cdot LF$

The final grade is calculated as follows:  $0.65 \cdot T + 0.35 \cdot L$

Re-assessment can be done by students with grades from 3 and 4.9. Re-assessment R substitute grade F and final grade is calculated as

$\min(5, 0.65 \cdot TR + 0.35 \cdot L)$  , where:

$TR = \max(R, (P+R)/2)$

## BIBLIOGRAPHY

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### Basic:

- Phillips, Charles L.; Nagle, H. Troy; Chakraborty, Aranya. Digital control system analysis and design [on line]. 5th ed. Boston: Pearson Prentice Hall, 2015 [Consultation: 13/02/2024]. Available on: <https://ebookcentral-proquest-com.recursos.biblioteca.upc.edu/lib/upcatalunya-ebooks/detail.action?pq-origsite=primo&docID=5174338>. ISBN 9781292061887.

- Ogata, Katsuhiko. Sistemas de control en tiempo discreto. 2a ed. México [etc.]: Prentice Hall Hispanoamericana, 1996. ISBN 9688805394.