

## 220044 - Optimization of Industrial Processes

Coordinating unit:	205 - ESEIAAT - Terrassa School of Industrial, Aerospace and Audiovisual Engineering		
Teaching unit:	707 - ESAIL - Department of Automatic Control		
Academic year:	2019		
Degree:	BACHELOR'S DEGREE IN INDUSTRIAL TECHNOLOGY ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2010). (Teaching unit Optional) BACHELOR'S DEGREE IN AEROSPACE TECHNOLOGY ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2010). (Teaching unit Optional) BACHELOR'S DEGREE IN AEROSPACE VEHICLE ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2010). (Teaching unit Optional)		
ECTS credits:	3	Teaching languages:	English

### Teaching staff

Coordinator:	ANTONIO GUASCH PETIT
Others:	VICENÇ PUIG CAYUELA - JAUME FIGUERAS JOVE

### Degree competences to which the subject contributes

#### Specific:

2. The ability to solve mathematical problems that may arise in an engineering context. The ability to apply knowledge of linear algebra; geometry; differential geometry; differential and integral calculus; differential and partial differential equations; numerical methods; numerical algorithms; statistics and optimisation

#### Transversal:

1. THIRD LANGUAGE. Learning a third language, preferably English, to a degree of oral and written fluency that fits in with the future needs of the graduates of each course.

### Teaching methodology

The course is developed by the use of:

- Lecture sessions.
- Problem-solving classes (case studies and exercises).
- Self-study which includes exercises and activities.
- A project

### Learning objectives of the subject

Optimization is the art and science of allocating scarce resources to the best possible effect. Optimization techniques are called into play every day in industrial planning problems, industrial design, resource allocation, scheduling, decision-making, etc. For example: how does an airliner know how to route its planes and schedule its crews at minimum cost; while meeting constraints on airplane flight hours between maintenance and maximum flight time for crews? Another example could be how to schedule body cars into a painting line such as the planned production can be achieved?

The main goals of this course will be:

1. recognize problems that can be tackled using the tools of applied optimization,
2. formulate optimization problems correctly and appropriately,
3. solve optimization problems, primarily by selecting and applying the correct solvers.

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These abilities will be especially useful as the world becomes more complex and computer-focused.

### Study load

Total learning time: 75h	Hours large group:	30h	40.00%
	Self study:	45h	60.00%

### Content

Module 1: Introduction	Learning time: 12h 30m Theory classes: 5h Self study : 7h 30m
Description: Optimization application areas. Introduction to methods, models and tools for the optimization of industrial processes.	
Module 2: Modeling and optimization of industrial processes	Learning time: 62h 30m Theory classes: 25h Self study : 37h 30m

### Qualification system

The final grade depends on the following evaluation criteria

$$N_{\text{final}} = 0.5 \cdot \text{Ex} + 0.35 \cdot \text{Pr} + 0.15 \cdot \text{Cl}$$

- Ex: individual and group exercises
- Pr: group project
- Cl: participation in class activities

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### Bibliography

#### Basic:

Bazargan, Massoud. Airline operations and scheduling [on line]. 2nd ed. England: Ashgate Publishing Limited, 2010 [Consultation: 21/05/2014]. Available on:  
<<http://site.ebrary.com/lib/upcatalunya/docDetail.action?docID=10400548&p00=airline%20operations%20scheduling>>. ISBN 9780754679004.

#### Complementary:

Shapiro, Jeremy F. Modeling the supply chain. 2nd ed. Belmont: Thomson Brooks/Cole, 2007. ISBN 049512611X.