Course guides
220052 - PR - Propulsion

Unit in charge: Terrassa School of Industrial, Aerospace and Audiovisual Engineering
Teaching unit: 220 - ETSEIAT - Terrassa School of Industrial and Aeronautical Engineering.

Degree: BACHELOR'S DEGREE IN AEROSPACE TECHNOLOGY ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2010). (Compulsory subject).
Academic year: 2020  ECTS Credits: 6.0  Languages: Catalan, English, Spanish

LECTURER

Coordinating lecturer: JOSEP ORIOL LIZANDRA DALMASES

PRIOR SKILLS

Physics, Chemistry, Thermodynamics, Mechanics, Fluid Mechanics, Propulsive Systems, Heat Transfer

DEGREE COMPETENCES TO WHICH THE SUBJECT CONTRIBUTES

Specific:
1. GrETA - An adequate understanding of the following, as applied to engineering: calculation and development methods for the installation of propulsion systems; regulation and control of the installation of propulsion systems; familiarity with the experimental techniques, equipment and measuring instruments used in the discipline; fuels and lubricants used in aircraft and automobile engines; numerical simulation of the most important physical and mathematical processes; maintenance and certification systems for aerospace engines.
2. GrETA - Applied knowledge of internal aerodynamics, propulsion theory, performance of aircraft and jet engines; engineering of propulsion systems; mechanics and thermodynamics.

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

The working methodology is divided into:
- Attendance lessons of theoretical contents, taught with the help of presentations and other documents that are uploaded to Atenea previously.
- Attendance lessons of practical exercises, as a direct application of the theoretical contents. The teacher proposes exercises, and give indications to the students in order to let them, autonomously, finish their resolution. Before the class ends, the teacher will present the solution with the final results so the students can compare with theirs.
- Practical works, where a project is proposed and the students have to develop them during non-school hours.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES OF THE SUBJECT

1. Explain with certain detail the performance and limitations of different kind of rockets and jet engines.
2. Train the student for the execution of preliminary designs of these engines.
3. Train the students for a critic analysis of existent engines and their features.
4. Promote an appreciation of the determinant role of external drivers (mission requirements, economical issues, environmental regulations, etc) on tdesign decisions.
## STUDY LOAD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hours medium group</td>
<td>14,0</td>
<td>9.33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hours large group</td>
<td>46,0</td>
<td>30.67</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self study</td>
<td>90,0</td>
<td>60.00</td>
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</tbody>
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**Total learning time:** 150 h
CONTENTS

MODULE 1: JET ENGINES

Description:
1.1. The mission and its requirements.
1.2. Equation of uninstalled thrust of a simple flow turbojet. Extrapolation to a two flow turbojet (turbofan).
1.4. Parametric analysis used in jet engine design (simple turbojet and turbofan). Election of optimal parameters for maximum thrust and maximum specific impulse.
Lecture 2. Components of a jet engine for a commercial airplane.
2.1. Static components.
2.1.1. Subsonic air inlets. Effect of the air inlet on installed thrust.
2.2. Rotary components.
2.2.2. Efficiency of a stage from losses data.
2.2.3. Approximated design of a multistage compressor.
2.2.4. Radial distributions. Free vortex design. Variations.
2.2.5. Determination of the turn velocity and the number of stages.
2.2.6. Compressor Maps.
2.2.7. Compression limitations. Rotary stall and surge.
2.3.1. Turbines. Typical characteristics. Degree of reaction (R). Design for R = 0.5. Relationships for axial exit.
2.3.2. Use of loss factors
2.3.3. Computation of a turbine stage with losses.
2.3.4. Stress of rotors.
2.3.5. Turbine cooling.
3.1. Determination of the system of equations and their variables, that give off-design performance. Solution algorithms.
3.1.1. Application to a simple turbojet.
3.1.2. Application to a two-spool turbojet.
3.1.3. Application to a high bypass ration turbofan.
Lecture 4. Additional considerations.
4.1. Elements of jet and turbo-machinery noise.
4.2. Regulation and control of noise.
4.3. Elements of rotor-dynamics of the engine.
4.4. Manufacturing and economy elements of engines.

Specific objectives:
This module is focused on the global analysis of jet engines and the working principles of their components, aiming at a depth understanding, with as less as possible empiricism, of engine design, its possibilities and limitations. The objective is that students be able of carrying out a preliminary design, and, if desired, to access to methods for a detailed design, either numerical or experimental.

Full-or-part-time: 75h
Theory classes: 23h
Practical classes: 7h
Self study : 45h
MODULE 2: ROCKETS

Description:
Lecture 1. Introduction
1.1.1. Classification according to gas acceleration mechanism / force on the vehicle.
1.1.2. Classification according to the energy source.
1.1.3. Classification according to the thrust level.
1.2. Performance measures.
1.2.1. Specific impulse.
1.2.2. Thermal efficiency.
1.2.3. Thrust/weight ratio.
1.3. Rocket selection guide (according to the mission).
Lecture 2. Rockets nozzles and Thrust.
2.1. Thrust equation.
2.2. Thrust losses due to non-uniformities of direction at the exit.
2.3. Relationship between total enthalpy and exit velocity: nozzle efficiency.
2.4. Thrust losses due to non-uniformities of total enthalpy. Efficiency of non-uniformities of total enthalpy.
Lecture 3. Ideal nozzles fluid dynamics, according to the quasi one-dimensional model.
3.1. Quasi one-dimensional nozzles without flow separation.
3.1.1. Characteristic velocity and thrust coefficient.
3.1.2. Choice of the optimum expansion ratio for an ascent flight through the atmosphere.
3.2. Effects of flow separation. Summerfield criterion.
4.2. Turbulent viscosity and thermal conductivity coefficients.
4.3. Approximated model for unity Prandtl number and zero pressure gradient. Reynolds Analogy.
4.4. Corrections for Pr less than 1.
4.5. Bartz formula for the heat flux at the wall.
5.1. Total heat loss.
5.2. Effect on rocket performance.
6.1. Design considerations.
6.2. Mechanical stresses on cooled nozzle walls.

Specific objectives:
This module is not focused on design, but rather on the fundamentals of propulsion, however some methods for the preliminary design are also studied. It aims at training the student to approach innovations and other different types of rockets, what is found to occur more often in this area, rather than in the more mature one of jet engines.

Full-or-part-time: 75h
Theory classes: 23h
Practical classes: 7h
Self study: 45h
**ACTIVITIES**

**LARGE GROUPS/ THEORY**

**Description:**
Attendance lessons, in which the professor teaches theoretical knowledges and guide the students so they can develop autonomous learning.

**Specific objectives:**
The objective of these sessions is that the student acquire the necessary knowledges, so as to apply them to exercises and assignments, by developing the autonomous learning.

**Material:**
Notes available on Atenea.
Basic and complementary bibliography of the subject.

**Full-or-part-time:** 86h
- Theory classes: 42h
- Self study: 44h

**MEDIUM GROUPS/PROBLEMS**

**Description:**
The professor poses exercises to be solved in class, as direct application of theory, consisting of modelling of engines and/or their components. Students are encouraged to work in small groups (2 to 3) so that they share concepts, ideas and approaches.

**Specific objectives:**
By doing these exercises the student is expected to familiarise with the modelling of engines and components, so that he/she will be in conditions to satisfactorily solve the exam exercises.

**Material:**
Notes available on Atenea.
Basic and complementary bibliography of the subject.

**Full-or-part-time:** 40h
- Practical classes: 14h
- Self study: 26h
PRACTICAL WORKS

Description:
A practical work is planned, and it may be about either a laboratory practice or a computer simulation assignment, in teams of up to 3 students. In the case of a laboratory practice, a report will be required. The practical work may deal issues as the following:
1. Design and computation of performance of a jet engine by means of numerical models.
3. Performance measures of Internal parameters (thrust, flows, pressures, temperatures, turn speed) of a laboratory jet engine, an later data analysis, and determination of unknown engine parameters,

Specific objectives:
One expects that the student will consolidate his/her concepts by doing this practical works, since this is not only a tool to complement class exercises, bu also, because the submit deadline is further away, and the assignment is carried out by means of computer codes, a much more realistic simulations is possible, what in turn permits much more reliable comparisons with real engines.

Material:
Notes available on Atenea.
Basic and complementary bibliography of the subject, and web links.
Laptop and a variety of computer tools, to write and execute computer codes.

Delivery:
The assignment weighs a 16% on the global grade of the subject. The deadline to submit it will be indicated via Atenea.

Full-or-part-time: 20h
Self study: 20h

PARTIAL EXAM

Description:
Individual written test, corresponding to module 1.

Specific objectives:
With this exam the student must demonstrate that he/she has assimilated the concepts of module 1.

Material:
One formula sheet, written by both sides, and a non-programmable calculator.

Delivery:
The exam weighs a 42% on the global grade of the subject.

Full-or-part-time: 2h
Theory classes: 2h
**FINAL EXAM**

**Description:**
Individual and written test, corresponing to module 2.

**Specific objectives:**
With this exam the student must demonstrate that he/she has assimilated the concepts of module 2.

**Material:**
One formula sheet, written by both sides, and a non-programmable calculator.

**Delivery:**
The exam weighs a 42% on the global grade of the subject.

**Full-or-part-time:** 2h
Theory classes: 2h

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**GRADING SYSTEM**

42% Mid-term exam.
42% Final exam.
16% Practical assignment.

All those students who fail, want to improve their mark or cannot attend the partial exam, they will have the opportunity to examine the same day of the final exam. If due to the circumstances it is not viable to do it the same day of the final examination, the responsible teacher of the subject will propose, via the platform Atenea, that the mentioned recovery exam will be carried out another day, in class schedule.

The new mark of the recovery exam will substitute the previous one, just in the case that it is higher.

For those students who meet the requirements and submit to the reevaluation examination, the grade of the reevaluation exam will replace the grades of all the on-site written evaluation acts (tests, midterm and final exams) and the grades obtained during the course for lab practices, works, projects and presentations will be kept.
If the final grade after reevaluation is lower than 5.0, it will replace the initial one only if it is higher. If the final grade after reevaluation is greater or equal to 5.0, the final grade of the subject will be pass 5.0.

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**EXAMINATION RULES.**

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**BIBLIOGRAPHY**

**Basic:**

**Complementary:**
RESOURCES

Hyperlink: