230036 - ECOMSE - Communication Electronics

Coordinating unit: 230 - ETSETB - Barcelona School of Telecommunications Engineering
Teaching unit: 710 - EEL - Department of Electronic Engineering
Academic year: 2019
Degree: BACHELOR'S DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2009). (Teaching unit Compulsory)
BACHELOR'S DEGREE IN ENGINEERING PHYSICS (Syllabus 2011). (Teaching unit Optional)
BACHELOR'S DEGREE IN TELECOMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGIES AND SERVICES ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2015). (Teaching unit Optional)
ECTS credits: 6
Teaching languages: Catalan

Teaching staff
Coordinator: Vidal, Eva
Mateo, Diego

Degree competences to which the subject contributes

General:
12 CPE N3. They will be able to identify, formulate and solve engineering problems in the ICC field and will know how to develop a method for analysing and solving problems that is systematic, critical and creative.

Teaching methodology

Lectures
Application classes
Laboratory classes
Group work (distance)
Individual work (distance)
Exercises
Short answer tests (Control)
Long answer tests (Final Exam)
Laboratory work

Learning objectives of the subject

Learning objectives of the subject:
The aim of this course is to give students a clear overview of the problems and issues that must be dealt with on designing electronic circuits for communications as well as a comprehensive overview of the basic concepts, technologies and theoretical foundation of analog/RF electronic design. Concepts will be worked out with examples from practical systems and hands-on exercises to be developed along the course.

Learning results of the subject:
- Understand the principles and concepts involved in designing the RF/analog part of transceiver circuits in a communication system.
- Understand the relation between receiver specifications and circuit specifications.
- Ability to analyse and design simple circuits in a RF or optical transceiver.
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## Study load

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total learning time: 150h</th>
<th>Hours large group:</th>
<th>39h</th>
<th>26.00%</th>
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<tr>
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<td>Hours small group:</td>
<td>26h</td>
<td>17.33%</td>
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<td>Self study:</td>
<td>85h</td>
<td>56.67%</td>
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## 1. General aspects of communication circuits

**Description:**
1.1. Introduction to communication circuits.
1.2. Basic concepts in communication circuits.
1.3. Figures of Merit. Non-linearities, interferences, noise, sensitivity and dynamic margin.
1.3.1. Estimation of noise parameters.
1.3.2. Linearity, large signal performance and spurious-free dynamic range (IP3 and SFDR).
1.4. Non-idealities effects at system level.
1.5. Passive RLC networks (resonant and impedance transformers)

**Learning time:** 17h 55m
- Theory classes: 3h 27m
- Laboratory classes: 2h
- Self study: 12h 28m

## 2. Basic transistor stages

**Description:**
2.1. The MOS transistor. Large and small-signal models.
2.2. Common-source, common-drain and common-gate topologies.
2.3. Current mirror.
2.4. Differential pair.
2.5. The BJT transistor. Large and small-signal models.
2.6. Basic topologies with BJT transistors.

**Learning time:** 56h 21m
- Theory classes: 8h 54m
- Laboratory classes: 14h
- Self study: 33h 27m

## 3. Amplifiers for receivers in communication systems

**Description:**
3.1. Bandwidth-estimation techniques.
3.2. Bandwidth-extension techniques.
3.3. Tuned amplifiers.
3.4. Low-noise amplifiers.
3.5. Input impedance matching.
3.6. Transimpedance amplifiers for optical communications.

**Learning time:** 22h 33m
- Theory classes: 5h 24m
- Laboratory classes: 4h
- Self study: 13h 09m
4. **Power amplifiers**

**Description:**
- 4.1. General considerations.
- 4.2. Figures of Merit.
- 4.3. Impedance matching.
- 4.4. Basic power amplifiers, Class A, Class B, Class AB and Class C.
- 4.5. Switched amplifiers: Class D, Class E and Class F.
- 4.6. Linearization techniques

**Learning time:** 22h 33m
- Theory classes: 5h 24m
- Laboratory classes: 4h
- Self study: 13h 09m

5. **Signal generators**

**Description:**
- 5.1. Fundamentals of oscillator design.
- 5.2. Describing function.
- 5.3. Basic LC and crystal topologies.
- 5.4. Multivibrators.
- 5.5. Voltage-controlled variable frequency oscillators.

**Learning time:** 7h 12m
- Theory classes: 3h
- Self study: 4h 12m

6. **Multipliers**

**Description:**
- 6.1. Definition of characteristic parameters.
- 6.2. Examples of multipliers in bipolar and CMOS technologies. The Gilbert cell.
- 6.3. Additional linearization techniques.

**Learning time:** 12h 59m
- Theory classes: 5h 24m
- Self study: 7h 35m
7. Frequency synthesizers

**Description:**
7.2. Phase-Locked Loops: basic PLL.
7.3. First and second-order PLLs. N-integer PLLs.
7.4. Charge-Pump PLLs.
7.5. Phase detectors.

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**Planning of activities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(ENG) Proves de resposta llarga (Control)</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(ENG) Presentació oral</td>
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<tr>
<td>(ENG) Exercicis</td>
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<td>(ENG) Pràctica de laboratori</td>
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<tr>
<td>(ENG) Proves de resposta llarga (Examen Final)</td>
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Qualification system

Final grade based on the respective qualifications of the theory (60%) and the laboratory (40%) parts. The theory part consists in 60% from a final exam and 40% from the short exams done and the eventual works & exercises delivered during the course.

Bibliography

Basic:

