



## Course guides

### 230900 - CCE - Components and Circuits

Last modified: 29/04/2020

**Unit in charge:** Barcelona School of Telecommunications Engineering  
**Teaching unit:** 710 - EEL - Department of Electronic Engineering.

**Degree:** BACHELOR'S DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING AND TELECOMMUNICATION (Syllabus 2018).  
(Compulsory subject).

**Academic year:** 2020    **ECTS Credits:** 6.0    **Languages:** Catalan, Spanish

#### LECTURER

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**Coordinating lecturer:** Orpella Garcia, Albert  
Ortega Villasclaras, Pablo

**Others:**

#### PRIOR SKILLS

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Linear systems resolution

#### DEGREE COMPETENCES TO WHICH THE SUBJECT CONTRIBUTES

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**Specific:**

CE1. (ENG) GREELEC: Capacitat per a la resolució dels problemes matemàtics que puguin plantejar-se a l'enginyeria. Aptitud per aplicar els coneixements sobre àlgebra lineal, geometria, geometria diferencial, càlcul diferencial i integral, equacions diferencial i en derivades parcials, mètodes numèrics, algorítmica numèrica, estadística i optimització. (Mòdul de formació bàsica).

**General:**

CG3. (ENG) GREELEC: Coneixement de matèries bàsiques i tecnològiques que el capacitin per a l'aprenentatge de nous mètodes i tecnologies, així com que el dotin d'una gran versilitat per adaptar-se a noves situacions.

**Transversal:**

CT6. (ENG) GREELEC: APRENENTATGE AUTÒNOM: Detectar deficiències en el propi coneixement i superarles mitjançant la reflexió crítica i l'elecció de la millor actuació per ampliar coneixements.

**Basic:**

CB5. (ENG) GREELEC: Que els estudiants puguin desenvolupar habilitats d'aprenentatge per emprendre estudis superiors amb un alt grau d'autonomia.

#### TEACHING METHODOLOGY

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Lectures  
Application classes  
Laboratory activities  
Individual work  
Exercises  
Short answer test (Control)  
Extended answer test (Final Exam)  
Laboratory  
Laboratory examination



## LEARNING OBJECTIVES OF THE SUBJECT

Learn to analyze basic linear circuits using different possible methods. Understand the operation of nonlinear elements: Diode, bipolar transistor and operational amplifier. Study their equivalent circuits, and learn to analyze basic circuits using these models.

## STUDY LOAD

Type	Hours	Percentage
Hours large group	52,0	34.67
Self study	85,0	56.67
Hours small group	13,0	8.67

**Total learning time:** 150 h

## CONTENTS

### Part 1. Introduction to electronic circuits

**Description:**

Electric variables: Difference of potential, current intensity, power. Concept of circuit.. Kirchhoff Current Law (KCL) and Kirchhoff Voltage Law(KVL). Basic circuit elements. Voltage-current characteristics.

**Full-or-part-time:** 15h

Theory classes: 6h

Self study : 9h

### Part 2. Resistive circuits. Simplification techniques

**Description:**

Concept of equivalent circuit. Elements in series and parallel. Resistances and sources in series and parallel. Voltage and current dividers. Irrelevant elements. Load effects. Circuit reduction techniques.

**Full-or-part-time:** 20h

Theory classes: 8h

Self study : 12h

### Part 3. Circuit analysis methods

**Description:**

Node-voltage analysis method. Mesh-current analysis method. Examples

**Full-or-part-time:** 24h

Theory classes: 10h

Self study : 14h



#### Part 4. Linear circuit theorems

**Description:**

Concept of linearity. Superposition theorem. Thévenin and Norton equivalent circuits. Signal transfer. Maximum power transfer.

**Full-or-part-time:** 20h

Theory classes: 8h

Self study : 12h

#### Part 5. Introduction to the modeling of electronic components. Applications

**Description:**

Diode: ideal diode. Exponential and piecewise linear models. Circuit analysis with diodes.

Bipolar NPN Transistor: Input and Output characteristics. Operating zones and equivalent circuits. Circuit analysis with bipolar transistors.

Operational amplifier: Ideal operational amplifier. Output characteristic and operating zones. Equivalent circuits. Basic circuit analysis using ideal operational amplifiers.

**Full-or-part-time:** 44h 40m

Theory classes: 18h

Self study : 26h 40m

#### Laboratory activities

**Description:**

Lab 0.- Presentation of the laboratory course

Lab 1.- Introduction to the multimeter, the protoboard and circuits with resistors

Lab 2.- The power supply

Lab 3.- Measures in continuous. Voltage and current divider. The potentiometer

Lab 4.- The oscilloscope and the generator of functions

Lab 5.- Introduction to the operational amplifier (I)

Lab 6.- Introduction to the operational amplifier (II)

**Full-or-part-time:** 26h 20m

Laboratory classes: 13h

Self study : 13h 20m

## GRADING SYSTEM

Laboratory final exam (EXLAB): 10%

Homework (PROB): 10%

Theory midterm exam during the course (EXPAR): 30%

Theory final exam (EXFIN): 50%

Final mark (NF) is the major of the two following expressions:

$NF = 0,1 \cdot EXLAB + 0,1 \cdot PROB + 0,3 \cdot EXPAR + 0,5 \cdot EXFIN$  , or

$NF = 0,1 \cdot EXLAB + 0,1 \cdot PROB + 0,8 \cdot EXFIN$  , in case the result of this expression is greater than the previous one.

The reassessment only includes the theory exam of the course. Marks related to both homework and laboratory exam remain the same as the previous assessment.



## BIBLIOGRAPHY

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### Basic:

- Thomas, R.E.; Rosa, A.J.; Toussaint, G.J. The analysis and design of linear circuits. 7th ed. Hoboken, NJ: John Wiley & Sons, 2012. ISBN 9781118065587.
- Prat, L.; Bragós, R. Circuits i dispositius electrònics: fonaments d'electrònica. 2a ed. Barcelona: Edicions UPC, 2002. ISBN 8483015749.