Degree competences to which the subject contributes

Specific:
2. (ENG) Capacitat per a la resolució dels problemes matemàtics que puguin platenjar-se a l’enginyeria. Aptitud per aplicar els coneixements sobre: àlgebra lineal; geometria, geometria diferencial; càlcul diferencial i integral; equacions diferenciales i amb derivades parcials; mètodes numèrics; algorítmica numèrica; estadística i optimització.

Transversal:
1. SELF-DIRECTED LEARNING - Level 1. Completing set tasks within established deadlines. Working with recommended information sources according to the guidelines set by lecturers.
2. SELF-DIRECTED LEARNING - Level 2: Completing set tasks based on the guidelines set by lecturers. Devoting the time needed to complete each task, including personal contributions and expanding on the recommended information sources.
320008 - M3 - Mathematical Methods III

Teaching methodology

- Face-to-face lecture sessions.
- Face-to-face practical work sessions.
- Independent learning and exercises.
- Preparation and completion of individual and/or group activities subject to assessment.

In the face-to-face lecture sessions, the lecturer will introduce the basic theory, concepts, methods and results for the subject and use examples to facilitate students’ understanding.

Students will be expected to study in their own time so that they are familiar with concepts and are able to solve the exercises set, either manually or with the help of a computer.

The use of IT support tools will be encouraged: students will learn how to use a mathematical software package as a tool for performing numerical, symbolic and graphic calculations.

Learning objectives of the subject

Familiarise students with the techniques inherent to Fourier Analysis and with the interpretation of signals in the frequency range.
Familiarise students with some of the techniques used in Differential Equations, both Ordinary Equations and Partial Differential Equations. They will be expected to use the deterministic modelling tool and interpret its answers.
Teach students how to apply these techniques properly for solving common practical problems encountered by engineers.
Use it software tools for approaching and solving problems. Develop the specific and transversal competencies associated with the academic work.

Study load

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total learning time: 150h</th>
<th>Hours large group:</th>
<th>30h</th>
<th>20.00%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours medium group:</td>
<td>30h</td>
<td>20.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours small group:</td>
<td>0h</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Guided activities:</td>
<td>0h</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Self study:</td>
<td>90h</td>
<td>60.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## TOPIC 1: FOURIER SERIES

**Description:**
- 1.1. Numerical series.
- 1.2. Sequences and function series.
- 1.3. Fourier series.
- 1.4. Signal reconstruction. Spectrum.

**Specific objectives:**
For students to:
- Understand the concept of convergence of a numerical series, a sequence of functions and a series of functions.
- Understand the concept of Fourier series representation of a periodic signal and calculate it in real and exponential form.
- Understand the concepts of pointwise convergence vs. uniform convergence, Dirichlet's theorem and Gibbs phenomenon.
- Understand the concepts of spectrum and average signal strength.
- Understand and apply Parseval's theorem.
- Be able to calculate Fourier series and obtain the graphs of the partial sums and the spectra with the help of symbolic computation software.

**Learning time:** 39h
- Theory classes: 8h
- Practical classes: 8h
- Self study: 23h

## TOPIC 2: FOURIER TRANSFORM

**Description:**
- 2.2. Properties of Fourier transform.
- 2.3. Frequency description of LTI systems and filters

**Specific objectives:**
For students to:
- Understand the Fourier transform concept of a non-periodic signal and know how to calculate it.
- Understand the concepts of spectral energy density and Parseval's theorem.
- Understand the main properties of the Fourier transform: linearity, shifts, time scales and convolution.
- Understand the frequency description of LTI systems, in particular for describing filters.
- Calculate Fourier transforms and inverse Fourier transforms and use symbolic computation software to produce graphs of the corresponding spectra.

**Learning time:** 25h
- Theory classes: 4h 30m
- Practical classes: 4h 30m
- Self study: 16h
### TOPIC 3: ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATION

**Description:**
3.1. General introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations (ODEs).
3.2. First-order linear ODEs.
3.3. Linear ODEs with constant coefficients.
3.4. Interpretation of results.

**Specific objectives:**
For students to:
- Understand the concept of ordinary differential equation and its solution. Understand the conditions for the existence and uniqueness of a solution to an initial value problem.
- Understand the concept of ODE problem modelling.
- Understand the techniques for the integration of simple ODEs, first-order linear ODEs (in particular the method of variation of parameters), and ODEs with constant coefficients.
- Use a linear ODE with constant coefficients to model the time description of an LTI system.
- Understand the concepts of resonance and stability.
- Solve ODEs and use symbolic computation software to obtain the corresponding graphs.

**Learning time:**
- Theory classes: 7h
- Practical classes: 7h
- Self study: 24h

### TOPIC 4: LAPLACE TRANSFORM

**Description:**
4.1. Definition of the Laplace Transform (LT).
4.2. Derivative theorem. Initial value problems.
4.3. Properties of LT.
4.4. The inverse LT.

**Learning time:**
- Theory classes: 4h
- Practical classes: 4h
- Self study: 14h

### TOPIC 5: ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS.

**Description:**
5.1. Definition and examples. Solving and phase portrait.

**Learning time:**
- Theory classes: 3h
- Practical classes: 3h
- Self study: 7h
### TOPIC 6: PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Learning time: 13h</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Theory classes: 3h 30m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Practical classes: 3h 30m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self study: 6h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Description:**
- 6.1. Definition and examples. Wave equation.

---

### Planning of activities

#### WRITTEN TESTS

| Hours: 4h |
| Self study: 4h |

**Description:**
Face-to-face individual events in the timetable set by the School.

**Specific objectives:**
The student must have successfully achieved the objectives outlined in the contents that have been part of the corresponding test.

---

#### OTHER ACTIVITIES

| Hours: 10h |
| Self study: 10h |

**Description:**
Tasks related to the subject contents.

**Specific objectives:**
The student must have successfully achieved the objectives outlined in the contents that have been part of the corresponding task.

---

### Qualification system

It is evaluated by partial assessments with the following weights:
- 1st exam: 45%
- 2nd exam: 45%
- Tasks: 10%

The note of the 1st exam may be renewed with a second change examination, which will be done on the same date as the day set for the 2nd exam. Any matriculated student may be submitted. The final qualification of the 1st exam will be the highest mark between the 1st exam and the mark of the second change examination.
Regulations for carrying out activities

The assessment consists of the following acts of classroom assessment and/or other activities assessed as part of continuous assessment. If not done any of the events or activities will be considered qualified to zero.

Bibliography

Basic:


Complementary:


Others resources:

- List of exercises of the course.
- Scripts for using MAPLE Software to solve problems.