Course guide

340368 - FOPR-I1023 - Fundamentals of Programming

Unit in charge: Vilanova i la Geltrú School of Engineering
Teaching unit: 723 - CS - Department of Computer Science.

Degree: BACHELOR’S DEGREE IN INFORMATICS ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2018). (Compulsory subject).

Academic year: 2023   ECTS Credits: 7.5   Languages: Catalan

LECTURER

Coordinating lecturer: ÀNGELS HERNÁNDEZ GÓMEZ
Others: ÀNGELS HERNÁNDEZ GÓMEZ
BERNARDINO CASAS FERNÁNDEZ

PRIOR SKILLS

Basic knowledge of mathematics for the required level at the university entrance exam.

DEGREE COMPETENCES TO WHICH THE SUBJECT CONTRIBUTES

Specific:
3. CEFB3. Ability to understand and to have a good command of discrete, logical, algorithmically mathematics and computing complexity and its application to automatical treatment of information by means of computational systems and its application to solve engineering problems.
4. CEFB4. Basic knowledge of use and computer programming, as well as of operating systems, data base and generally informatic programs with engineering applications.
5. CEFC6. Basic knowledge and application of algorithmic processes, informatic techniques to design solutions of problems, analyzing if proposed algorithms are apt and complex.
6. CEFC7. Knowledge, design and efficient use of data types and structures the most appropriate to resolve problems.

Transversal:
1. SELF-DIRECTED LEARNING. Detecting gaps in one’s knowledge and overcoming them through critical self-appraisal. Choosing the best path for broadening one’s knowledge.
2. TEAMWORK. Being able to work as a team player, either as a member or as a leader. Contributing to projects pragmatically and responsibly, by reaching commitments in accordance to the resources that are available.

TEACHING METHODOLOGY

The course consists of:
- 2 hours per week of theory class in the classroom (large group) where the teacher presents contents,
- 3 hours per week in classroom lab (small group) where it’s done practical work and evaluable activities are proposed and performed.
LEARNING OBJECTIVES OF THE SUBJECT

1. To understand the programme building process and how to use the tools required: console, editor and compiler.
2. To know the syntax and the semantics expressions and the basic instructions of the imperative programming languages (C ++).
3. Being proficient in using functions and actions in programming.
4. To understand the function and parameter concepts.
5. To know in depth the tables and to identify where their use is appropriate.
6. To be able to contrast solutions regarding the use of time and memory resources and to choose the most appropriate in simple cases.
7. To understand the patterns of treat-all and search algorithms patterns.
8. Choosing an appropriate scheme solution.
9. To understand the recursion concept. To be able to propose recursive solutions to simple problems.
10. To comprehend in depth the binary search, insertion sort, selection sort, mergesort and quicksort.
11. To know in depth other fundamental algorithms: Hörner, fast product, etc.
12. To be able to write programs readable, elegant and efficient.

STUDY LOAD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Self study</td>
<td>112.5</td>
<td>60.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hours large group</td>
<td>30.0</td>
<td>16.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hours small group</td>
<td>45.0</td>
<td>24.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Total learning time:** 187.5 h

CONTENTS

**Introduction**

Description:
Programming examples  
Algorithms, programming languages and computer programs  
Steps in the design of a program

**Full-or-part-time:** 6h
Theory classes: 2h  
Laboratory classes: 3h  
Self study: 1h

**Variables and statements**

Description:
Variables, data types and expressions  
Statements:  
- Assignment  
- Input / Output  
- Conditional statement

**Full-or-part-time:** 6h
Theory classes: 2h  
Laboratory classes: 3h  
Self study: 1h
### Loops

**Description:**
- While statement
- For statement

**Full-or-part-time:** 6h
- Theory classes: 2h
- Laboratory classes: 3h
- Self study: 1h

### Data types and visibility

**Description:**
- Data types
- Type conversion
- Visibility

**Full-or-part-time:** 6h
- Theory classes: 2h
- Laboratory classes: 3h
- Self study: 1h

### Subprograms: procedures and functions

**Description:**
- Subprogram concept
- Parameter passing
- Functions
- Procedures

**Full-or-part-time:** 7h
- Theory classes: 2h
- Laboratory classes: 3h
- Self study: 2h

### Algorithms on sequences. Invariants.

**Description:**
- Algorithms on sequences:
  - Treat-all algorithms
  - Search algorithms
- Reasoning about loops: invariants

**Full-or-part-time:** 7h
- Theory classes: 2h
- Laboratory classes: 3h
- Self study: 2h
### Recursion

**Description:** Recursive design

**Exemples**

**Full-or-part-time:** 6h  
Theory classes: 2h  
Laboratory classes: 3h  
Self study: 1h

### Vectors

**Description:** Vectors  
Searching in vectors

**Full-or-part-time:** 6h  
Theory classes: 2h  
Laboratory classes: 3h  
Self study: 1h

### Vectors and strings

**Description:**  
More vectors examples  
Strings

**Full-or-part-time:** 6h  
Theory classes: 2h  
Practical classes: 3h  
Self study: 1h

### Multi-dimensional vectors

**Description:**  
Matrices  
N-dimensional vectors  
Search in a matrix  
Search in a sorted matrix  
Matrix multiplication

**Full-or-part-time:** 8h  
Theory classes: 2h  
Laboratory classes: 4h  
Self study: 2h
### Structures and data structure design

**Description:**
Structures  
Data structure design

**Full-or-part-time:** 6h  
Theory classes: 2h  
Laboratory classes: 3h  
Self study: 1h

### Sorting

**Description:**
Selection Sort  
Insertion Sort  
Bubble Sort  
Merge Sort

**Full-or-part-time:** 8h  
Theory classes: 2h  
Laboratory classes: 4h  
Self study: 2h

### Numerical algorithms

**Description:**
Product of polynomials  
Sum of polynomials  
Sum of sparse vectors  
Root of a continuous function

**Full-or-part-time:** 9h  
Theory classes: 2h  
Laboratory classes: 4h  
Self study: 3h

### Advanced examples

**Description:**
Sports tournament  
Permutations  
Sub-sequences summing n

**Full-or-part-time:** 7h  
Theory classes: 2h  
Laboratory classes: 3h  
Self study: 2h
Conclusions

Description:
Why is programming hard?
Useful programs
Correct programs
Efficient programs
Programs are mathematical objects
Easy to understand, modify and extend
Programming has limits
Quotes

Full-or-part-time: 2h
Theory classes: 2h

GRADING SYSTEM

QU = Grade from questionnaires, all with the same weight.
AC = Grade from activities, all with the same weight.
PR = Grade from programming task.
C1 = Grade from Exam 1.
C2 = Grade from Exam 2.
PV = Validation Test.
Nota Final = max (50%C2, 20%C1+30%C2) + 10%QU + 20%AC + 20%(PR*PV)
The reevaluation contains the C2 test.

EXAMINATION RULES.

The activities (AC), the controls (C1 and C2) and the validation test (PV) are face and individual.
The questionnaires (QU) are self-assessed and their delivery is electronic and individual.
The programming task (PR) is done in groups. Teachers could ask about the work presented by the students and consider their answers when qualifying. The validation test shall be carried out in conjunction with Control 2.