Course guide

370024 - OINFANTIL - Paediatric Optometry and Strabismus

Unit in charge: Terrassa School of Optics and Optometry
Teaching unit: 731 - OO - Department of Optics and Optometry.
Degree: BACHELOR'S DEGREE IN OPTICS AND OPTOMETRY (Syllabus 2020). (Compulsory subject).
Academic year: 2023  ECTS Credits: 6.0  Languages: English

LECTURER

Coordinating lecturer: Mestre Ferrer, Clara https://futur.upc.edu/ClaraMestreFerrer
Others: Alesón Carbonell, Alicia
Gil Llansa, Paula

DEGREE COMPETENCES TO WHICH THE SUBJECT CONTRIBUTES

Specific:
CE20. Measure, interpret and treat refractive errors. Describe the sensory and oculomotor mechanisms of binocular vision. Identify the principles of and measure, interpret and treat accommodative and binocular vision anomalies. Demonstrate skills in communication, recording data and writing clinical histories. Demonstrate skills in the interpretation and clinical judgement of results of vision tests, to establish the most suitable diagnosis and treatment. Demonstrate skills in instrumental assessment tests of visual function and eye health. Carry out a complete medical history. Identify, apply and interpret instrumental tests relating to visual health problems. Demonstrate the clinical skills required for the examination and treatment of patients. Examine, diagnose and treat visual anomalies with an emphasis on differential diagnosis. Describe the nature and organisation of types of clinical care. Describe the protocols that are applied to patients.
CE24. Identify and apply vision screening techniques to various populations.

Generical:
CG1. Demonstrate knowledge of, design and apply prevention and maintenance programmes relating to the population’s visual health.
CG2. Carry out each stage of visual examinations effectively: medical history, selection and implementation of diagnostic tests, establishment of a prognosis, selection and execution of treatment and, if necessary, preparation of referral reports that establish levels of collaboration with other professionals, to ensure the best possible care for the patient.
CG3. Advise and guide patients and relatives during the entire treatment.
CG5. Give opinions and produce reports and expert reports when necessary.
CG8. Plan and carry out research projects that contribute to the production of knowledge in the field of optometry and disseminate this scientific knowledge via the typical communication channels.
CG9. Expand and update one’s professional abilities through continuing education.
CG11. Locate new information and interpret it in context.
CG13. Demonstrate and interpret methods for critical analysis and theory development and apply them to the field of optometry.
CG14. Demonstrate knowledge, skills and abilities in patient healthcare.
CG16. Participate effectively in both single-discipline and multidisciplinary work groups on projects related to optometry.

Transversal:
CT7. Foreign language. Demonstrate knowledge of a foreign language, preferably English, at an oral and written level that is consistent with graduates’ future needs.

CT8. Efficient use of information resources. To manage data and technical and scientific information acquisition, organization, analysis and visualization and to provide a critical appraisal of the results of this management.
TEACHING METHODOLOGY

Mid size group lessons will consist of:
MD1 - Participatory expository class of theoretical and practical content.
MD2 - Active methodologies in the classroom (learning based on clinical case seminars, role-playing games, cooperative learning...), through which the students’ debate and critical spirit will be encouraged.
The corresponding information will be find on the Atenea platform, which will consist of the syllabus program and lecture presentations for each unit.
Small group lessons will consist of:
MD3 - clinical cases solving seminars with the participation of students, practical and/or exercises related to the contents of the subject.
MD4 - Clinical practice in the teaching laboratory.
MD5 - Reading and analysing texts and papers related to the contents of the subject.
MD6 - Solving exercises and clinical cases. Participation in questions about clinical cases that are presented in the Forums of the Atenea virtual campus.
The small group sessions will be divided into clinical practices in the teaching laboratory and seminar sessions with resolution of clinical cases and active learning of the students. Practical handbooks and scripts for the clinical examination methodology will be found on the Atenea platform and must be read and printed, if necessary. The results of the tests or clinical examination techniques obtained in each examined case will be collected in a dossier (collection of handbook), which must be handed over to the teachers when requested for their subsequent analysis and evaluation and as evidence of the work done. The students will have the exercises/problem statements that will need to be solved before the scheduled sessions. Attendance to these practical small group sessions is mandatory.

LEARNING OBJECTIVES OF THE SUBJECT

Knowledge
- Demonstrate knowledge of the maturation process of visual systems and the normal sensory and motor development of vision in infants.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the expected normal values at this age: VA, refractive values, binocular status.
- Demonstrate knowledge of developmental anomalies and frequent congenital eye conditions that lead to visual impairment in infants and the clinical characteristics and epidemiology of these children.
- Demonstrate knowledge of appropriate clinical tests and techniques for examining infants of different ages.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the definition, prevalence, classification and mechanisms of amblyopia.
- Demonstrate knowledge of clinical examinations and tests to assess and manage infants with strabismus (diagnosis, treatment and management of the most common clinical forms of esotropia and non-paralytic esotropia, not including vertical, cyclotorsional or paretic strabismus).
- Demonstrate knowledge of treatment options for amblyopia according to scientific evidence.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the objectives and characteristics of vision screening in paediatric population as tools of prevention: suitable protocols, cut-off criteria, sensitivity and specificity.
- Demonstrate knowledge of the role of the optometrist in the detection, assessment, management and referral of infants with deviations from the normal patterns of visual development to identify and handle situations that require referral/interprofessional collaboration.

Practical skills
- Demonstrate communication skills with paediatric patients.
- Demonstrate an understanding of visual assessment techniques in newborns.
- Demonstrate clinical skills in assessing preschool children: VA, refractive values, binocular status (binocular alignment, motility/comitance, accommodation, vergence), colour vision and eye health.
- Demonstrate clinical skills in examining patients with amblyopia.
- Demonstrate clinical skills in examining patients with strabismus, including incomitant deviations.
- Interpret the results of the tests that are carried out.
- Assess binocular status (accommodation, sensory and motor fusion, and motility) in children aged under 6 years.
- Manage preschool children who have or are at risk of developing a binocular vision anomaly.
STUDY LOAD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hours small group</td>
<td>30,0</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Self study</td>
<td>90,0</td>
<td>60.00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hours medium group</td>
<td>30,0</td>
<td>20.00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total learning time: 150 h

CONTENTS

Subject 1: Development of vision

Description:
General and psychomotor development
Normal development and postnatal maturation of visual system structures: importance of suitable stimulation. Introduction to concepts of visual deprivation and binocular rivalry that lead to amblyopia and why. Concept of the critical and plastic period of development.
Functional development of vision. Development of basic visual functions: visual acuity (VA), contrast sensitivity (CS), accommodation, colour.
Development of visual motor control: optokinetic nystagmus (OKN), fixation, tracking, saccadic and vergence movements. Development of fusion and stereopsis.

Related activities:
P1, Exam1, Exam 2

Full-or-part-time: 8h
Practical classes: 2h
Self study : 6h

Subject 2: Refractive development: prescription criteria in preschool children

Description:
Development of refractive error from birth and the process of emmetropisation. Expected values.
Refractive prescription criteria in preschool children. Application of cycloplegia. Seminar of cases on refractive prescription criteria in preschool children.

Related activities:
P1, S, Exam1, Exam2

Full-or-part-time: 8h
Practical classes: 2h
Self study : 6h
### Subject 3: Developmental anomalies of vision and associated visual impairment.

**Description:**
Congenital embryonic and ocular developmental anomalies: common conditions that lead to visual impairment in infants. Visual and ocular disorders in Down's Syndrome and other trisomies.

**Specific objectives:**
P1, S, Exam1, Exam2

**Full-or-part-time:** 8h
Practical classes: 2h
Self study: 6h

### Subject 4: Clinical examination of infants and preschool children

**Description:**
Clinical history
VA - Characteristics and suitable techniques in preschool children
Refractive examination: Appropriate techniques to determine refractive error in preschool children. Cycloplegia.
Sensory and motor examination of binocular vision (BV). Appropriate techniques and characteristics of BV assessment in preschool children: methods to determine objectively the alignment of visual axes (cover test, Hirschberg, Bruckner), motor fusion (forias, reserves and near point of convergence, NPC), sensory fusion and stereopsis.
Examination of colour vision in infants and the implications of anomalies.
Techniques for the examination of eye health in infants and preschool children

**Related activities:**
P1, P2, P3, S, Exam1, Exam2

**Full-or-part-time:** 10h
Practical classes: 4h
Self study: 6h

### Subject 5: Amblyopia

**Description:**
Diagnosis and management of amblyopia

**Related activities:**
P1, S, Exam2

**Full-or-part-time:** 8h
Practical classes: 2h
Self study: 6h
### Subject 6: Diagnosis and management of strabismus

**Description:**
Diagnosis, treatment and management by the optometrist of the most common non-paralytic strabismus (esotropia and exotropia).
Seminar on cases of strabismus associated with refractive errors and BV anomalies.
Acquired strabismus and associated diplopia: diplopia treatment strategies.

**Related activities:**
P1, P2, P3, S, Exam2

**Full-or-part-time:** 5h 09m  
Practical classes: 5h  
Self study : 0h 09m

### Subject 7: Clinical examination of strabismus

**Description:**
Sensory examination (suppression, abnormal correspondence, eccentric fixation). Suppression scotoma examination techniques.
Abnormal correspondence examination techniques: synoptophore, red filter, Bagolini, Bielschowsky. Eccentric fixation examination techniques: Haidinger, ophthalmoscope.

**Related activities:**
P1, P2, P3, Exam2

**Full-or-part-time:** 16h  
Practical classes: 4h  
Self study : 12h

### Subject 8: Visual screening in preschool children

**Description:**
Definition and objectives
Protocols in an infant population: cut-off criteria.
Validity and efficacy: sensitivity and specificity of screening

**Related activities:**
P1, P2, S, Exam2

**Full-or-part-time:** 4h  
Practical classes: 1h  
Self study : 3h

### ACTIVITIES

**P1: Practical sessions - clinical exam in preschool children**

**Full-or-part-time:** 21h  
Laboratory classes: 15h  
Self study: 6h
P2: practical sessions - clinical examen in strabismus

Description:
Practical sessions of clinical examination in children and specific tests for the evaluation of strabismus

Full-or-part-time: 12h
- Laboratory classes: 7h 30m
- Self study: 4h 30m

P3: Dossier practical exercises in strabismus

Description:
Solving of exercises on concepts and results from the examination techniques in strabismus.

Full-or-part-time: 12h
- Laboratory classes: 7h 30m
- Self study: 4h 30m

S: Clinical Cases Seminars

Description:
- criteria for refractive error prescription in preschool children
- strabismus associated with refractive errors and binocular vision anomalies
- design, preparation and discussion of a protocol for visual screening in children

Full-or-part-time: 20h
- Practical classes: 5h
- Self study: 15h

Exam 1: written test on children’s vision - midterm exam

Full-or-part-time: 1h
- Practical classes: 1h

Exam 2: Global and final exam on all course contents

Full-or-part-time: 2h
- Practical classes: 2h

European Diploma competencies

Description:
- PART B 7 “Vision Development and Ageing” of the CLINICAL INVESTIGATION AND MANAGEMENT Area of the European Diploma, in competences num 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 20 and 21, with a weight of 4.6 ECTS
- PART B 8 “Refraction. Knowledge and Practical” of the CLINICAL INVESTIGATION AND MANAGEMENT Area of the European Diploma, in competences num 6, 7 and 8, with a weight of 0.4 ECTS
- PART B 10 “Ocular Motility and Binocular Vision. Knowledge and Practical” of the CLINICAL INVESTIGATION and MANAGEMENT Area of the European Diploma, in competences num 3, 4, 5 and 6, as well as 4 more practical competences, with a weight of (2+1,8) 3,8 ECTS
- PART B 12B “Investigative Techniques. Knowledge and Practical” of the CLINICAL INVESTIGATION and MANAGEMENT Area of the European Diploma, in competences num 1 and 6, as well as 1 more practical competence, with a weight of (1,4+1) 2,4 ECTS
GRADING SYSTEM

Written test 1: Midterm exam on children’s vision 20%
Written Test 2: Global and final exam on all course contents 40%
Assessment of clinical skills and methods for the examination of children 20%
Solving of exercises on concepts and tests results for strabismus 20%
Assessment of transversal competences:
CT5 by answering a questionnaire (Athena) on the search for information on a topic related to the contents of the subject.
CT7 The subject is taught in English, the assessment tests will be in English, so this competence will be intrinsically assessed.
Reassessment: To be able to retake the final exam, in case of failing, it will be necessary to meet the general conditions established each year by the Academic Regulations for undergraduate and master’s studies of the UPC (NAGRAMA) and the particulars established by the FOOT (final mark equal to or higher than 3). The reassessment will consist of a single test on all the subjects developed during the course. If the reassessment exam is a "pass", a final grade of 5 will be obtained in the course. Otherwise, the highest mark between the one obtained in the previous assessment and that of the re-assessment will be maintained.

EXAMINATION RULES.

In the event of partial or total plagiarism in any of the assessments activities, the provisions of the General Academic Regulations of UPC will be applied: "Irregular actions that may lead to a significant variation in the qualification of one or more students constitute a fraudulent performance of an act of evaluation. This action involves the descriptive and numerical grade of 0 for the actual test and the total assessment act and the course, without prejudice to the disciplinary process that may arise as a result of fraudulent activity performed. If the student considers the decision to be wrong, he or she may file a complaint with the dean of the school and, if the answer is not satisfactory, he or she may lodge an appeal with the principal. The total or partial reproduction of the academic or research works, or their use for any other purpose, must have the explicit permission of the authors. It is the responsibility of the dean of the school to resolve the allegations on the aspects not included in the regulations".

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Basic:

Complementary: