Degree competences to which the subject contributes

Specific:
1. Understand the general laws of mechanics, thermodynamics, fields and waves, and electromagnetism and apply them to engineering problems.

Transversal:
2. TEAMWORK - Level 1. Working in a team and making positive contributions once the aims and group and individual responsibilities have been defined. Reaching joint decisions on the strategy to be followed.

Teaching methodology

Teaching methodology used: exposition 30%, individual work 60%, group work 6%, guided activities 4%.

Learning objectives of the subject

Training the student through the acquisition of a working method and providing some knowledge of the principles and basic concepts of Mechanics, so that he/she can apply them to solve problems in the engineering field.
### Study load

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total learning time: 150h</th>
<th>Hours large group: 51h</th>
<th>34.00%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours medium group: 0h</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hours small group: 9h</td>
<td>6.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Guided activities: 0h</td>
<td>0.00%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Self study: 90h</td>
<td>60.00%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Subject 1: Introduction

**Learning time:** 11h 12m  
**Theory classes:** 3h 24m  
**Laboratory classes:** 1h  
**Self study:** 6h 48m

**Description:**  

**Related activities:**  
Laboratory sessions: all laboratory session in both terms

**Specific objectives:**  
Knowing the meaning of the dimensions of a physical magnitude. Knowing the uncertainty associated with experimental measurements and knowing how to calculate the propagation of uncertainty. Learning how to draw graphical representations of experimental data and how to make linear regressions.

### Subject 2: Particle kinematics

**Learning time:** 21h 24m  
**Theory classes:** 6h 48m  
**Practical classes:** 1h  
**Self study:** 13h 36m

**Description:**  

**Related activities:**  
Laboratory session:  
Spring (fall term)  
Simple pendulum (spring term)

**Specific objectives:**  
Modeling the motion for a particle, determining the equations of motion from its acceleration and initial conditions. Characterizing the linear and circular motion. Knowing the crucial role of the simple harmonic motion since for its wide application in the study of diverse physical phenomena. Establishing the concept of frame of reference to understand the relative character of the movement.
### Subject 3: Particle dynamics

**Learning time:** 28h  
Theory classes: 9h  
Laboratory classes: 1h  
Self study: 18h

**Description:**  

**Related activities:**  
Laboratory session:  
Equilibrium forces (spring term)

**Specific objectives:**  
Understanding the concepts of force and mass and knowing Newton's laws of motion. Acquiring the ability to apply the Newton's laws to solve problems that include various particles. Knowing how to establish the conditions for the static equilibrium of a rigid body and solving problems of equilibrium of the rigid body. Knowing the differences between inertial and non-inertial frames of reference.

### Subject 4: Work, energy and power

**Learning time:** 11h 12m  
Theory classes: 3h 24m  
Laboratory classes: 1h  
Self study: 6h 48m

**Description:**  

**Related activities:**  
Laboratory session:  
Pulleys (fall term)

**Specific objectives:**  
Understanding the physical concepts of work, power and energy. Identifying conservative forces and obtaining the corresponding potential energy associated with them. Problem-solving applying the work-kinetic energy theorem work and work-energy theorem. Knowing how to apply the law of conservation of mechanical energy.
### Subject 5: Dynamics of systems of particles

**Learning time:** 26h
- Theory classes: 8h
- Laboratory classes: 2h
- Self study: 16h

**Description:**

**Related activities:**
Laboratory session:
Collisions (spring term)

**Specific objectives:**
Describing the movement of the center of masses of systems of particles. Knowing to formulate and to apply the principles of conservation of the amount of movement and of the mechanical energy of systems of particles. Applying the theorems of conservation in the study of collisions and explosions.

### Subject 6: Planar rigid bodies

**Learning time:** 35h
- Theory classes: 11h
- Laboratory classes: 2h
- Self study: 22h

**Description:**

**Related activities:**
Laboratory sessions:
Rotation (spring term)
Ballistic pendulum (fall term)

**Specific objectives:**
Knowing the Newton's second law for rotation and its application to solve problems. Knowing how to characterize the planar motion: coplanar translation and rotation about a fixed axis. Knowing the dynamics of the flat movement and knowing how to apply it to solve problems. Knowing and applying the angular momentum conservation in problem-solving.
Subject 7: Oscillations and waves

Description:

Related activities:
Laboratory sessions:
Standing waves on strings (spring term)
Sound waves (fall term)

Specific objectives:
Identifying the condition for simple harmonic motion in terms of acceleration. Understanding the wave concepts of propagation of energy and momentum. Knowing how to describe harmonic waves. Understanding interference phenomena, in particular, standing waves.

Qualification system

MARK M1:
- Laboratory: 15%
- Test 1: 20%
- Test 2: 25%
- Test 3: 20%
- Problems: 20%

MARK M2:
- Laboratory: 20%
- Test 3: 40%
- Problems: 40%

FINAL GRADE = maximum (M1 ; M2)

Regulations for carrying out activities

In all exams, students can use a pocket calculator. Besides, a physics formula sheet will be provided in the Problems' exam.
820004 - F1FM - Physics I: Fundamentals of Mechanics

Bibliography

Basic:

Complementary:

Others resources:
- Hyperlink
  - Curso Interactivo de Física en Internet
    http://www.sc.ehu.es/sbweb/fisica/default.htm
  - La baldufa: un entorn per a l'aprenentatge de la física.
    http://baldufa.upc.edu/