230315 - LIDAR - Lidar Remote Sensing

Coordinating unit: 230 - ETSETB - Barcelona School of Telecommunications Engineering
Teaching unit: 739 - TSC - Department of Signal Theory and Communications
Academic year: 2016
Degree: MASTER'S DEGREE IN TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2013). (Teaching unit Optional)
DEGREE IN TELECOMMUNICATIONS ENGINEERING (Syllabus 1992). (Teaching unit Optional)
DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING (Syllabus 1992). (Teaching unit Optional)
MASTER'S DEGREE IN INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES (Syllabus 2009). (Teaching unit Optional)
MASTER'S DEGREE IN NETWORK ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2009). (Teaching unit Optional)
MASTER'S DEGREE IN ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2013). (Teaching unit Optional)
ECTS credits: 2,5
Teaching languages: English

Teaching staff
Coordinator: Francesc Rocadenbosch
Others: Francesc Rocadenbosch

Degree competences to which the subject contributes

Specific:
CE1. Ability to apply information theory methods, adaptive modulation and channel coding, as well as advanced techniques of digital signal processing to communication and audiovisual systems.
CE13. Ability to apply advanced knowledge in photonics, optoelectronics and high-frequency electronic
CE14. Ability to develop electronic instrumentation, as well as transducers, actuators and sensors.
230315 - LIDAR - Lidar Remote Sensing

Teaching methodology

- Lectures
- Application classes
- Individual work
- Exercises
- Oral presentations
- Other activities: End-to-end simulation, visit to the UPC multi-spectral lidar station (European Infrastructure, OPTIONAL ACTIVITY upon operational time-slot availability of the station, number of students, and course schedule).
- Extended answer test (Final Exam)

The teaching and learning methodology combines expositive classes with more interactive ones, where systems and case problems are simulated and/or discussed based on literature reviews. A guided simulation mini-project (computer based) is progressively introduced during course.

Exercises:
- Description: Exercises to strengthen the theoretical knowledge and with a focus to guide the computer-based mini-project.

Oral presentation/interview*:
- Description: Presentation of the link-budget simulation mini-project (session 19).

(*) Depending on the total number of students enrolled.

Extended answer test (Final examination):
- Description: Final examination (multiple-answer test, session 20).

Learning objectives of the subject

The course focuses on a tutorial discussion of the main techniques, systems and subsystems, and applications related to LIDAR (laser-radar) remote sensing. The course presents the grounds of the technological, physical, and data-retrieval keys involved in relation to the applications of these remote sensing systems in the ground-based and space-borne contexts. Present-day application fields comprise atmospheric observation (pollution concentration and physical-variables monitoring), wind remote sensing (e.g., eolic farms), detection and monitoring of chemical species, and others, in the industrial field.

Learning results of the subject:
- Ability to develop LIDAR (laser-radar) remote-sensing systems for atmospheric sensing and chemical-species detection in the context of both ground-based and satellite-based systems.
- Ability to specify, analyse, and evaluate the performance of different types of LIDAR systems using end-to-end software simulation.
- Ability to model and interpret retrieved lidar data in terms of level-1 products (atmospheric reflectivity, attenuation) and level-2 products (pollution content and transport, gas-species concentration, and wind velocity).
- Ability to understand and forecast a wide range of LIDAR applications including pollution monitoring and gas detection in the environmental/regulatory field, wind retrieval in relation to eolic farms, telemetry, 3-D imaging and scanning in architecture, and bathymetry (sea surface and submarine investigation).
- Knowledge exposure to continental and world-wide network initiatives concerning both active and passive optical remote sensing instruments.
- Ability to develop laser-radar/optical-active remote-sensing systems: telescope ("optical antenna") and opto-electronic receiver design, equipment and subsystems, channel modeling, link budget, and architecture specification.
- Ability to design laser-radar remote sensing systems (LIDAR) for atmospheric environmental sensing (pollution) and chemical-species detection, either as ground-based or satellite-based systems.
- Ability to integrate Telecommunication Engineering technologies and systems, as a generalist, and in broader and multidisciplinary contexts, such as remote sensing, atmospheric probing, and imaging.
- Ability to develop signal processing methods and algorithms for data retrieval and interpretation in atmospheric, environmental and industrial LIDAR remote sensing.
# 230315 - LIDAR - Lidar Remote Sensing

## Study load

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total learning time: 62h 30m</th>
<th>Hours large group:</th>
<th>20h</th>
<th>32.00%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Self study:</td>
<td>42h 30m</td>
<td>68.00%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
# 1. BACKSCATTER LIDAR SYSTEMS

**Description:**
- 1.1. Foundations and Architecture
  - 1.1.1. Basic design parameters: Elastic lidar equation
    - 1.1.1.1. Optical (OVF, background radiance)
  - 1.1.2. Signal conditioning and acquisition
    - 1.1.2.1. Signal conditioning: Receiving Chain
    - 1.1.2.2. Acquisition systems: Photon counters
- 1.2. Examples of real systems

**Learning time:** 15h
- Theory classes: 4h 30m
- Self study: 10h 30m

# 2. SYSTEM LINK BUDGET: END-TO-END SIMULATION

**Description:**
- 2.1. Receiving chain: OE conversion and resolution (review)
- 2.2. Generalised signal-to-noise ratio (noise-dominant modes)
- 2.3. Example problem I
- 2.4. Lidar range estimation: Simulation.
- 2.5. Elastic-Raman link budget (problem proposal)

**Learning time:** 16h 30m
- Theory classes: 0h 30m
- Practical classes: 4h
- Self study: 12h

# 3. RAMAN SYSTEMS

**Description:**
- 3.1. Raman Lidar
  - 3.1.1. Basics about the Raman effect
  - 3.1.2. Atmospheric probing and system layout
    - 3.1.2.1. Temperature measurement
    - 3.1.2.2. Molecular species (gas) detection
    - 3.1.2.3. Water-vapor measurement
- 3.2. Elastic-Raman systems: End-to-end-simulation (problem revision)

**Learning time:** 9h
- Theory classes: 2h
- Practical classes: 1h
- Self study: 6h
4. WIND-LIDAR SYSTEMS

**Description:**
- 4.1. Coherent Doppler Lidar
  - 4.1.1. Architecture
  - 4.1.2. Design considerations
- 4.2. Direct-detection Doppler systems

**Learning time:** 6h
- Theory classes: 2h
- Self study: 4h

5. OTHER LASER-RADAR SYSTEMS

**Description:**
- 5.1. DIAL: Detection of gas species
- 5.2. Other laser-radar systems

**Learning time:** 6h
- Theory classes: 2h
- Self study: 4h

6. EVALUATION

**Description:**
- 6.1 Oral presentation/interview (2h)
- 6.2 Final exam (2h)

**Learning time:** 10h
- Theory classes: 4h
- Self study: 6h

Qualification system

Final examination: 50%
Oral presentation*: 50%
(* Guided Link-budget program

Bibliography

**Basic:**

**Others resources:**