820742 - BBC - Biogas and Biofuels

Coordinating unit: 240 - ETSEIB - Barcelona School of Industrial Engineering
Teaching unit: 745 - EAB - Department of Agri-Food Engineering and Biotechnology
Academic year: 2018
Degree: MASTER'S DEGREE IN ENERGY ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2013). (Teaching unit Optional)
MASTER'S DEGREE IN ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2014). (Teaching unit Optional)
MASTER'S DEGREE IN ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2009). (Teaching unit Optional)
MASTER'S DEGREE IN ENERGY ENGINEERING (Syllabus 2013). (Teaching unit Optional)
ECTS credits: 5
Teaching languages: Spanish, English

Teaching staff
Coordinator: Magrí Aloy, Albert
Others: Ferrer Martí, Ivet
Flotats Ripoll, Xavier

Prior skills
- Stoichiometry of chemical reactions
- Mass balance. Continuity equation
- Fundamentals of thermodynamics in chemical reactions

Degree competences to which the subject contributes

Specific:
CEMT-1. Understand, describe and analyse, in a clear and comprehensive manner, the entire energy conversion chain, from its status as an energy source to its use as an energy service. They will also be able to identify, describe and analyse the situation and characteristics of the various energy resources and end uses of energy, in their economic, social and environmental dimensions, and to make value judgments.
CEMT-4. Efficiently collect data on renewable energy resources and their statistical treatment and apply knowledge and endpoint criteria in the design and evaluation of technology solutions for using renewable energy resources, for both isolated systems and those connected to networks. They will also be able to recognise and evaluate the newest technological applications in the use of renewable energy resources.
CEMT-6. Employ technical and economic criteria to select the most appropriate electrical equipment for a given application, dimension thermal equipment and facilities, and recognise and evaluate the newest technology applications in the field of production, transport, distribution, storage and use of electric energy.
CEMT-7. Analyse the performance of equipment and facilities in operation to carry out a diagnostic assessment of the use system and establish measures to improve their energy efficiency.
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Teaching methodology

The teaching methodologies used are as follows:

- Lectures and conferences: contents exposed by lecturers or guest speakers.
- Practical sessions: resolution of exercises, debates and group dynamics with the lecturer and other students in the classroom; classroom presentation of an activity individually or in small groups.
- Laboratory / Workshop: completion of designs, measurements, verifications, etc.; and presentation of the results orally or written, individually or in small groups.
- Theoretical / practical supervised work: classroom activity, carried out individually or in small groups, with the advice and supervision of the teacher.
- Homework assignment of reduced extension: to carry out homework of reduced extension, individually or in groups.
- Homework assignment of broad extension (PA): design, planning and implementation of a project or homework assignment of broad extension to be performed by a group of students, and writing of a report that should include the approach followed, the main results obtained and the conclusions reached.
- Evaluation activities.

Training activities:

The training activities used are as follows:

Face to face activities
- Lectures and conferences: learning based on understanding and synthesizing the knowledge presented by the teacher or by invited speakers.
- Participatory sessions: learning based on participating in the collective resolution of exercises, as well as in discussions and group dynamics with the lecturer and other students in the classroom.
- Presentations: learning based on the presentation of an activity in the classroom, individually or in small groups.
- Laboratory / Workshop: learning based on the understanding of the operation, specifications and documentation of technical equipment; design, measurements, verifications, etc.; and presentation of the results orally or written, individually or in small groups.
- Theoretical-practical supervised work: learning based on performing an activity in the classroom with the advice of the teacher.

Study activities
- Homework assignment of reduced extension: learning based on applying the gained knowledge and presenting results, individually or in small groups.
- Homework assignment of broad extension: learning based on applying and extending knowledge gained in class, individually or in group.
- Self-study: learning based on studying or extending the contents of the class material, individually or in groups, understanding, assimilating, analyzing and synthesizing concepts.

Learning objectives of the subject

Objective: To build a solid foundation of knowledge and skills to face the sizing and design of production facilities of liquid and gaseous biofuels.

At the end of the course, the student:

- Understands the role of bioenergy in the context of the global and regional energy system; Understands economic, social and environmental connotations; Understands the impact of associated technologies in a local and global context.
- Meets relevant organizations and major projects at regional and international scale; Meets main information sources and regulations related to the biogas plants as well as with production and quality of other biofuels.
- Has criteria for the analysis and knowledge to carry out the basic engineering of a project related to the production of gaseous and liquid biofuels as well as about the management of the corresponding facilities.
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- Is able to transfer knowledge related to the implementation of technologies for the production of biofuels by developing innovative ideas.

### Study load

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Total learning time: 125h</th>
<th>Hours large group: 0h 0.00%</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Hours medium group: 30h 24.00%</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Hours small group: 0h 0.00%</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Guided activities: 10h 8.00%</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Self study: 85h 68.00%</td>
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## 1. General context and introduction to biological processes

### Description:
1.1. Introduction
- Classification of biofuels, liquid and gaseous
- Production processes
- Raw materials and products. The concept of biorefinery
- Current productions and future trends
1.2. Introduction to biological processes of transformation
- Bioreactor concepts
- Kinetics of microbial growth
- Enzymatic kinetics
- Bioenergetics of biological reactions. Transformation of the substrate in biomass
- Applications of batch, CSTR and plug flow reactors
- Concepts of biofilm kinetics and fixed biomass reactors

### Related activities:
1. Lectures and conferences (CTC)
2. Practical classes (CP) and project, activity or reduced-scope work (PR)
3. Tutoring theoretical-practical studies (TD), and wide-scope project (PA)

### Specific objectives:
To establish the basis of information on the context of the production of liquid and gaseous biofuels, and the basis of knowledge on biological processes for the transformation of organic substrates into biofuels.
### 2. Gaseous biofuels: biogas and biohydrogen

**Learning time:** 65h  
- Theory classes: 8h  
- Laboratory classes: 8h  
- Guided activities: 7h  
- Self study: 42h

**Description:**
2.1. Anaerobic digestion. Microbiology and kinetics
Phases of anaerobic digestion
Disintegration and hydrolysis; Acidogenesis; Acetogenesis; Methanogenesis
Syntrophic relationships between species
Relevant chemical equilibria
IWA-ADM1 Model (Anaerobic Digestion Model No. 1)

2.2. Anaerobic digestion. Environmental and operational conditions
Temperature
pH and alkalinity
Nutrients requirement
Toxics and inhibitors
Solid and hydraulic retention times
Organic loading rate
Granulation of anaerobic biomass

2.3. Bioreactors for the production of biogas and scope
Batch Reactor
Continuous Stirred Tank Reactor (CSTR)
CSTR reactors with recirculation of biomass (anaerobic contact)
Fixed biomass reactors: anaerobic filters and fixed bed
Retaining granular biomass reactors: UASB and EGSB
Hybrid reactors hybrid and two stage processes

2.4. Application to the production of biogas from waste and solid substrates
Cattle manure
Municipal organic waste
Sewage sludge
Industrial organic waste
Energy crops
Codigestion
Environmental, energy, economic and regulatory issues

2.5. Application to the production of biogas from wastewater
Wastewaters with high organic content
Applications of anaerobic contact, fixed bed, UASB and EGSB reactors
Environmental, energy, economic and regulatory issues

2.6. Pre-treatment and post-treatment to anaerobic digestion
Pre-treatment to improve disintegration and hydrolysis
Post-treatment to improve management of digested effluents

2.7. Treatment and use of biogas
Composition of biogas
Removal of H2S, water and particles
Removal of CO2 and production of biomethane
Thermal, electrical and automotive uses. Injection to natural gas network
Regulations related to the quality and use of biogas

2.8. Production of biohydrogen
Production by dark fermentation
Production by photo-fermentation
Analysis of the stoichiometry in reactions
Bioreactors used

Related activities:
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1. Lectures and conferences (CTC)
2. Practical classes (CP), and project, activity or reduced-scope work (PR)
3. Tutoring theoretical-practical studies (TD) and wide-scope project (PA)

**Specific objectives:**
To establish the basis on the scientific and technological knowledge of digestion and fermentation processes for the production and use of biogas, biomethane and biohydrogen from organic substrates of different origin.
3. Liquid biofuels

**Learning time:** 26h
- Theory classes: 3h
- Laboratory classes: 3h
- Guided activities: 4h
- Self study: 16h

**Description:**

3.1. Production of bioethanol
- Raw materials and pretreatment processes
- Enzymatic hydrolysis of cellulose and hemicellulose
- Fermentation of monosaccharides
- Stages according to the biological process strategy
- Recovery of bioethanol
- Uses of bioethanol. Production of ETBE
- Regulations associated with its use as biofuel

3.2. Production of other bioalcohols
- Production of butanol. ABE fermentation (acetone-butanol-ethanol)
- Stoichiometry of the process reaction
- Environmental and operational conditions

3.3. Production of biodiesel
- The transesterification reaction
- Raw materials and pretreatment processes
- Environmental conditions and operational process
- Separation and purification stages
- Qualities of biodiesel and associated regulations

3.4. Other processes for the production of liquid biofuels
- Refined oils as fuel
- Hydrogenation of unsaturated lipids and bioquerosene production
- The Fischer-Tropsch process for the production of hydrocarbons from syngas

**Related activities:**
1. Lectures and conferences (CTC)
2. Practical classes (CP) and project, activity or reduced-scope work (PR)
3. Tutoring theoretical-practical studies (TD) and wide-scope project (PA)

**Specific objectives:**
To build the base of the scientific and technological knowledge of the biological and chemical processes for the production of bioalcohols, biodiesel and other liquid biofuels from lignocellulosic biomass, oils and fats.
## Planning of activities

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Activity Description</th>
<th>Hours</th>
<th>Description</th>
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</table>
| **1. Lectures and conferences (CTC)**                                               | 45h   | Theory classes: 15h  
Self study: 30h                             |
| **Description:** Exposure of the theoretical contents, progressing from basic principles to description of applicable technologies. |       |             |
| **Support materials:** MS-Powerpoint presentations and other specific documentation that will be given to the student. |       |             |
| **Description of the assignments due and their relation to the assessment:**         |       |             |
| For this activity, the deliverable will consist on an exam, including conceptual questions and links between the studied subjects. |       |             |
| **Specific objectives:** To synthesize knowledge and to organize the study, so that the students can prioritize the study depth level in each subject. |       |             |

| **2. Practical classes (CP) and project, activity or reduced-scope work (PR)**       | 45h   | Theory classes: 15h  
Laboratory classes: 15h  
Self study: 30h |
| **Description:** Resolution of exercises and problems in class (CP). Resolution by the student of a collection of problems and exercises for each topic (PR), which must be delivered within the stablished deadlines in class. |       |             |
| **Support materials:** Exercises and problems solved. Collection of exercise and problem statements to be solved by the students. |       |             |
| **Description of the assignments due and their relation to the assessment:**         |       |             |
| Delivery of a collection of solved exercises and problems, to be evaluated.         |       |             |
| **Specific objectives:** To achieve skills to solve problems dealing with biological reactions and stoichiometries, and on the dimensioning of facilities for each process and technology, with a limited scope. |       |             |

| **3. Tutoring theoretical-practical studies (TD) and wide-scope project (PA)**       | 35h   | Theory classes: 15h  
Guided activities: 15h  
Self study: 20h |
| **Description:** Dimensioning of a complex facility fed with several raw feedstocks which may combine several processes to produce gas and/or liquid biofuels. The students will be distributed in various subgroups, each one working on a given process, or in a given combination of raw feedstocks. A subgroup may coordinate the different studies and will perform the global mass and energy balance. |       |             |
Support materials:
Statement of the project to be carried out, the extent of which will depend on the total number of students enrolled.

Descriptions of the assignments due and their relation to the assessment:
- Regular presentations by each subgroup about the progress of the work.
- Delivery of a final report that integrates the work of all subgroups.

Specific objectives:
To address a practical project that integrates knowledge provided to the students during the course by connecting different concepts and complexity levels, thus promoting an atmosphere of creation of new solutions resulting from teamwork.

Qualification system
Written test of knowledge (PE): 45%
Work done individually or in groups throughout the course (TR): 45%
Quality and performance of group work (TG): 10%

Regulations for carrying out activities
PE: The examination will be held individually and consists of two parts: T, theory in which the student will not consult any documentation; and P, a problem in which the student may wish to consult the literature. During the exam, it will not be allowed the accession to the internet nor the use of mobile phones.
TR: The evaluation will be done based on two kinds of activities: PR, collection of problems to be solved and delivered before the exam; and PA report on the proposed dimensioning of a complex installation, similarly to a biorefinery, or results of a numerical simulation study of a complex process such as co-digestion. Both activities will be conducted in groups of no more than three people.
TG: The quality and performance workgroup will be assessed on the basis of periodic presentations made by each subgroup focused on the progress of the project PA and/or on tutorial sessions.
Considering the individual qualifications for T, P, PR, PA and TG, all over 10, for calculating the final qualification (QF) the following expression will apply:
QF = 0.45·(0.5·T + 0.5·P) + 0.45·(0.2·PR + 0.8·PA) + 0.1·TG
Students with QF less than 5 can be re-evaluated if the course-tasks were delivered on time. The final qualification of the re-evaluation will be the average of QF and the result of the re-evaluation exam.
Bibliography

Basic:


Complementary:


Others resources:

Audiovisual material

Ordinador, projector i panatalla

MS-PowerPoint presentations

Computer material

Programa MATLAB

MATLAB as software for performing numerical simulations of the anaerobic digestion process and codigestion